

## Canadian Reference Group

# Executive Summary Spring 2016

The ACHA-NCHA II supports the health of the campus community by fulfilling the academic mission, supporting short- and long-term healthy behaviors, and gaining a current profile of health trends within the campus community.

American College Health Association advocacy education research

Copyright 2016 All Rights Reserved

#### **Table of Contents**

I. Introduction	2
II. Findings	
A. General Health of College Students	3
B. Disease and Injury Prevention	4
C. Academic Impacts	5
D. Violence, Abusive Relationships and Personal Safety	5
E. Tobacco, Alcohol, and Marijuana Use	6
F. Sexual Behavior	10
G. Nutrition and Exercise	12
H. Mental Health	13
I. Sleep	16
III. Demographics and Student Characteristics	17
IV. Demographics of Participating Schools	18

ACHA, the nation's principal advocate and leadership organization for college and university health, represents a diverse membership that provides and supports the delivery of health care and prevention and wellness services for the nation's 20 million college students. For more information about the association's programs and services, visit www.acha.org, and www.achancha.org.

#### Suggested citation for this document:

American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment II: Canadian Reference Group Executive Summary Spring 2016. Hanover, MD: American College Health Association; 2016.

#### Introduction

The ACHA-National College Health Assessment II (ACHA-NCHA II) is a national research survey organized by the American College Health Association (ACHA) to assist college health service providers, health educators, counselors, and administrators in collecting data about their students' habits, behaviors, and perceptions on the most prevalent health topics.

ACHA initiated the original ACHA-NCHA in 2000 and the instrument was used nation wide through the spring 2008 data collection period. The ACHA-NCHA now provides the largest known comprehensive data set on the health of college students, providing the college health and higher education fields with a vast spectrum of information on student health. A revised survey, the ACHA-NCHA-II, has been in use since the fall 2008 data collection period.

Please note the ACHA-NCHA II is not appropriate for trend comparison with items from the original ACHA-NCHA survey. Directly comparing pre- and post-redesign estimates on similar data points, without taking into account the impact of the survey's redesign, can lead to an erroneous conclusion.

#### Notes about this report:

- 1. Missing values have been excluded from analysis and only valid percents are included in this document.
- 2. Students responding "not applicable" were excluded from several analyses, which are specifically noted throughout this document. This will often explain differences observed between this document and the full data report.
- 3. A note about the use of sex and gender in this report: Survey responses are reported by sex based on the responses to questions 47a, 47b, and 47c. For the purpose of the ACHA-NCHA report documents, respondents are reported as male or female only when their responses to these three questions are consistent with one another. If students' gender identity is consistent with their sex at birth AND the student selects "no" for transgender, then respondents are designated as either male or female. If respondents select "yes" for transgender OR their sex at birth is not consistent with their gender identity, then they are designated as non-binary. A respondent that skips any of the three questions is designated as unknown. Totals displayed in this report include non-binary and unknown students.

For additional information about the survey's development, design, and methodology, email Mary T Hoban, PhD, MCHES, (mhoban@acha.org), E. Victor Leino, PhD (vleino@acha.org), or visit www.acha-ncha.org.

This Executive Summary highlights results of the ACHA-NCHA II Spring 2016 survey for Canadian Consortium consisting of 43,780 respondents. The overall response proportion was 19.2%.

**Findings** 

#### A. General Health of College Students

- $\blacksquare 45.3$  % of college students surveyed ( 51.5 % male and 43.1 % female) described their health as *very good or excellent*.
- $\blacksquare$  80.8 % of college students surveyed ( 83.3 % male and 80.2 % female) described their health as *good*, *very good or excellent* .

Proportion of college students who reported being diagnosed or treated by a professional for any of the following health problems within the last 12 months:

Allergies:	14.1 %	Hepatitis B or C:	0.3 %
Asthma:	7.9 %	High blood pressure:	2.4 %
Back pain:	17.7 %	High cholesterol:	1.6 %
Broken bone/Fracture/Sprain:	6.5 %	HIV infection:	0.2 %
Bronchitis:	5.1 %	Irritable Bowel Syndrome:	4.0 %
Chlamydia:	1.5 %	Migraine headache:	10.4 %
Diabetes:	1.2 %	Mononucleosis:	0.9 %
Ear infection:	6.3 %	Pelvic Inflammatory Disease:	0.3 %
Endometriosis:	1.0 %	Repetitive stress injury:	2.9 %
Genital herpes:	0.7 %	Sinus infection:	12.3 %
Genital warts/HPV:	0.8 %	Strep throat:	12.1 %
Gonorrhea:	0.4 %	Tuberculosis:	0.3 %
		Urinary tract infection:	11.3 %

■55.3 % of college students ( 44.1 % male, 60.6 % female) reported being diagnosed or treated by a professional with one or more of the above conditions within the last 12 months.

Proportion of college students who reported any of the following:

Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)	5.6 %
Chronic illness (e.g., cancer, diabetes, auto-immune disorders)	5.3 %
Deafness/Hearing loss	2.0 %
Learning disability	5.2 %
Mobility/Dexterity disability	1.1 %
Partial sightedness/Blindness	2.2 %
Psychiatric condition	7.4 %
Speech or language disorder	1.1 %
Other disability	2.8 %

#### **B.** Disease and Injury Prevention

College students reported receiving the following vaccinations (shots):

- 70.1 % reported receiving vaccination against hepatitis B.
- 39.1 % reported receiving vaccination against Human Papillomavirus/HPV (cervical cancer vaccine).
- 31.2 % reported receiving vaccination against influenza (flu) in the last 12 months (shot or nasal mist).
- 66.0 % reported receiving vaccination against measles, mumps, rubella.
- 51.3 % reported receiving vaccination against meningococcal meningitis.
- 43.3 % reported receiving vaccination against varicella (chicken pox).

Other disease prevention practices reported by college students:

- 73.0 % reported having a dental exam and cleaning in the last 12 months.
- 27.1 % of males reported performing a testicular self exam in the last 30 days.
- 28.7 % of females reported performing a breast self exam in the last 30 days.
- 30.4 % of females reported having a routine gynecological exam in the last 12 months.
- 54.1 % reported using sunscreen regularly with sun exposure.
- 23.2 % reported ever being tested for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection.

College students reported the following behaviors within the last 12 months:

Percent (%)	N/A, did not do this activity within the last 12 months	Never*	Rarely or sometimes*	Mostly or always*
Wear a seatbelt when you				
rode in a car	0.7	0.4	2.0	97.6
Wear a helmet when you				
rode a bicycle	41.5	27.4	24.1	48.5
Wear a helmet when you				
rode a motorcycle	83.6	7.1	4.4	88.5
Wear a helmet when you				
were inline skating	73.5	46.2	18.8	35.0

<sup>\*</sup> Students responding "N/A, did not do this activity within the last 12 months" were excluded.

#### C. Academic Impacts

Within the last 12 months, students reported the following factors affecting their individual academic performance, defined as: received a lower grade on an exam, or an important project; received a lower grade in the course; received an incomplete or dropped the course; or experienced a significant disruption in thesis, dissertation, research, or practicum work; (listed alphabetically):

Alcohol use:	4.5 %	Gambling:	0.3 %
Allergies:	1.9 %	Homesickness:	5.6 %
Anxiety:	32.5 %	Injury:	2.9 %
Assault (physical):	0.9 %	Internet use/computer games:	18.7 %
Assault (sexual):	1.3 %	Learning disability:	4.3 %
Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder:	5.1 %	Participation in extracurricular	
Cold/Flu/Sore throat:	20.6 %	activities:	8.8 %
Concern for a troubled friend		Pregnancy (yours or partner's):	0.9 %
or family member:	15.6 %	Relationship difficulties:	13.0 %
Chronic health problem or serious illness:	4.6 %	Roommate difficulties:	6.8 %
Chronic pain:	4.5 %	Sexually transmitted disease/	
Death of a friend or family member:	7.4 %	infection (STD/I):	0.5 %
Depression:	20.9 %	Sinus infection/Ear infection/	
Discrimination:	1.8 %	Bronchitis/Strep throat:	5.8 %
Drug use:	2.2 %	Sleep difficulties:	28.4 %
Eating disorder/problem:	2.0 %	Stress:	42.2 %
Finances:	10.3 %	Work:	17.1 %
		Other:	3.4 %

#### D. Violence, Abusive Relationships and Personal Safety

Within the last 12 months, college students reported experiencing:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
A physical fight	9.4	3.3	5.2
A physical assault (not sexual assault)	4.4	3.7	4.0
A verbal threat	25.9	19.9	22.0
Sexual touching without their consent	4.3	13.1	10.7
Sexual penetration attempt without their consent	1.0	4.6	3.6
Sexual penetration without their consent	0.5	2.5	2.0
Stalking	2.8	8.2	6.7
An emotionally abusive intimate relationship	7.4	11.6	10.5
A physically abusive intimate relationship	2.0	2.1	2.1
A sexually abusive intimate relationship	1.1	2.7	2.3

College students reported feeling very safe:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
On their campus (daytime)		90.3	85.9	86.9
On their campus (nighttime)		61.3	27.1	37.3
In the community surrounding their				
school (daytime)		71.3	58.9	62.3
In the community surrounding their				
school (nighttime)		39.7	14.4	22.0

#### E. Tobacco, Alcohol and Marijuana Use

Reported use versus perceived use - reported use for all students within the past 30 days compared with how often students perceived the typical student on campus used substances within the same time period. The last line of each table combines all categories of any use in the last 30 days.

Cigarette		Actual Use		
Percent	(%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used		69.2	75.0	73.1
Used, but not in the last 30 days		17.0	15.4	15.9
Used 1-9 days		7.6	5.0	5.8
Used 10-29 days		2.3	1.4	1.7
Used all 30 days		3.9	3.1	3.4
Any use within the last 30 days		13.8	9.6	11.0

E-Cigarette	Actual Use			
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total	
Never used	81.5	88.2	86.1	
Used, but not in the last 30 days	12.5	8.8	10.0	
Used 1-9 days	3.9	2.2	2.7	
Used 10-29 days	0.7	0.4	0.5	
Used all 30 days	1.3	0.3	0.6	
Any use within the last 30 days	5.9	2.9	3.9	

Tobacco from a water pipe (hookah)	A	ctual Us	se
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	77.9	84.2	82.3
Used, but not in the last 30 days	17.5	13.0	14.3
Used 1-9 days	3.7	2.3	2.8
Used 10-29 days	0.6	0.3	0.4
Used all 30 days	0.3	0.1	0.2
Any use within the last 30 days	4.6	2.8	3.4

Perceived Use				
Male	Female	Total		
11.4	7.6	8.9		
14.6	10.5	11.7		
42.5	38.5	39.7		
16.8	21.4	20.0		
14.7	22.0	19.8		
74.0	82.0	79.4		

Perceived Use				
Male	Female	Total		
18.7	13.9	15.5		
13.7	11.0	11.8		
43.3	41.9	42.2		
14.1	18.9	17.4		
10.1	14.3	13.0		
67.5	75.1	72.7		

Perceived Use				
Male	Female	Total		
24.2	17.6	19.7		
21.3	18.3	19.3		
43.1	47.6	46.1		
8.1	12.4	11.0		
3.3	4.1	3.9		
54.5	64.1	61.0		

Alcohol	Actual Use				
Percent (%	) Male	Female	Total		
Never used	17.7	14.4	15.6		
Used, but not in the last 30 days	14.2	15.4	15.1		
Used 1-9 days	52.0	57.4	55.4		
Used 10-29 days	14.5	12.2	12.9		
Used all 30 days	1.6	0.6	1.0		
Any use within the last 30 days	68.1	70.2	69.3		

Perceived Use				
Male	Female	Total		
4.3	3.0	3.5		
1.6	1.4	1.5		
43.9	37.4	39.3		
38.9	45.3	43.2		
11.3	12.9	12.5		
94.1	95.6	95.0		

Marijuana	Actual Use			
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total	
Never used	56.7	59.3	58.4	
Used, but not in the last 30 days	22.4	24.3	23.7	
Used 1-9 days	12.6	11.5	11.8	
Used 10-29 days	4.8	3.1	3.6	
Used all 30 days	3.5	2.0	2.5	
Any use within the last 30 days	20.9	16.5	17.9	

Perceived Use				
Male	Female	Total		
9.7	7.0	7.9		
7.3	5.0	5.7		
48.5	43.2	44.7		
25.7	32.8	30.5		
8.8	12.1	11.1		
83.0	88.0	86.4		

#### **Drinking and Driving**

- 1.0 % of college students reported driving after having 5 or more drinks in the last 30 days.\*
- 18.1 % of college students reported driving after having any alcohol in the last 30 days.\*

Estimated Blood Alcohol Concentration (or eBAC) of college students reporting 1 or more drinks the last time they "partied" or socialized. **Students reporting 0 drinks were excluded from the analysis**. Due to the improbability of a student surviving a drinking episode resulting in an extremely high eBAC, all students with an eBAC of 0.50 or higher are also omitted from these eBAC figures. eBAC is an estimated figure based on the reported number of drinks consumed during the last time they "partied" or socialized, their approximate time of consumption, sex, weight, and the average rate of ethanol metabolism.

<b>Estimated BAC</b>	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< .08		68.4	59.7	62.3
< .10		75.6	67.9	70.2
			•	
Mean		0.06	0.08	0.08
Median		0.04	0.06	0.05
Std Dev		0.07	0.08	0.08

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "N/A, don't drive" and "N/A don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

Reported number of drinks consumed the last time students "partied" or socialized. Only students reporting one or more drinks were included.

Number of drinks*	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
4 or fewer		45.2	55.3	52.4
5		10.6	12.9	12.2
6		9.6	10.4	10.1
7 or more		34.7	21.4	25.3
Mean		5.96	4.67	5.06
Median		5.00	4.00	4.00
Std Dev		4.59	3.33	3.88

<sup>\*</sup> Students reporting 0 drinks were excluded.

Reported number of times college students consumed five or more drinks in a sitting within the last two weeks:

Percent (	%) Male	Female	Total
N/A don't drink	21.5	18.1	19.3
None	39.7	48.4	45.7
1-2 times	27.4	25.7	26.1
3-5 times	9.0	6.0	6.9
6 or more times	2.5	1.8	2.0

Percent of college students who reported using prescription drugs that were not prescribed to them within the last 12 months:

Pero	ent (%) Mal	e Female	Total
Antidepressants	2.1	3.1	2.9
Erectile dysfunction drugs	1.0	0.4	0.6
Pain killers	4.9	5.6	5.5
Sedatives	2.1	2.1	2.2
Stimulants	5.6	3.9	4.5
Used 1 or more of the above	11.0	10.8	11.1

College students reported doing the following *most of the time* or *always* when they "partied" or socialized during the last 12 months:\*

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Alternate non-alcoholic with alcoholic beverages	26.8	34.1	32.0
Avoid drinking games	29.6	32.9	32.2
Choose not to drink alcohol	17.7	22.6	21.2
Determine in advance not to exceed a set number of drinks	33.6	36.6	35.8
Eat before and/or during drinking	78.2	82.8	81.3
Have a friend let you know when you have had enough	23.9	34.5	31.4
Keep track of how many drinks being consumed	60.6	63.2	62.4
Pace drinks to one or fewer an hour	22.1	32.3	29.4
Stay with the same group of friends the entire time drinking	82.2	89.9	87.5
Stick with only one kind of alcohol when drinking	48.3	51.4	50.5
Use a designated driver	75.6	86.7	83.4
Reported one or more of the above	97.0	98.6	98.0

 $<sup>*</sup>Students\ responding\ "N/A,\ don't\ drink"\ were\ excluded\ from\ this\ analysis.$ 

College students who drank alcohol reported experiencing the following in the last 12 months when drinking alcohol:\*

Pe	ercent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Did something you later regretted		36.0	38.9	38.0
Forgot where you were or what you did		28.7	29.4	29.1
Got in trouble with the police		2.8	1.2	1.8
Someone had sex with me without my consent		1.1	2.4	2.1
Had sex with someone without their consent		0.5	0.2	0.3
Had unprotected sex		23.8	24.3	24.1
Physically injured yourself		17.7	18.6	18.4
Physically injured another person		3.3	1.6	2.2
Seriously considered suicide		4.6	4.6	4.8
Reported one or more of the above		54.0	55.3	55.0

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

#### F. Sexual Behavior

College students reported having the following number of sexual partners (oral sex, vaginal or anal intercourse) within the last 12 months:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
None		35.3	30.1	31.9
1		40.7	47.3	45.0
2		7.6	8.9	8.5
3		5.2	5.1	5.1
4 or more		11.3	8.5	9.5

Number of partners among students reporting to have at least one sexual partner within the last 12 months:\*

	Male	Female	Total
Mean	2.49	1.94	2.13
Median	1.00	1.00	1.00
Std Dev	4.03	2.57	3.26

<sup>\*</sup>Students reporting 0 sexual partners within the last 12 months were excluded.

College students reported having oral, vaginal or anal sex in the last 30 days:

#### Oral sex within the past 30 days

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, have never done this sexual activity	31.4	28.8	29.7
No, have done this sexual activity but not in the last 30 days	25.4	22.9	23.7
Yes	43.2	48.2	46.5

#### Vaginal sex within the past 30 days

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, have never done this sexual activity	35.7	29.5	31.6
No, have done this sexual activity but not in the last 30 days	20.6	16.6	17.9
Yes	43.7	53.8	50.6

#### Anal sex within the past 30 days

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, have never done this sexual activity	71.7	74.4	73.4
No, have done this sexual activity but not in the last 30 days	21.3	20.8	21.0
Yes	6.9	4.8	5.6

Using a condom or other protective barrier within the last 30 days (mostly or always):

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Sexually active students reported*		•		
Oral sex		5.5	4.0	4.5
Vaginal intercourse		52.4	44.2	46.3
Anal intercourse		38.6	22.6	28.4

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" or "Have not done this during the last thirty days" were excluded from the analysis.

#### Contraceptive use reported by students or their partner the last time they had vaginal intercourse:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Yes, used a method of contraception	50.4	58.0	55.4
Not applicable/Didn't use a method/Don't know	49.6	42.0	44.6

## If YES to contraceptive use the last time student had vaginal intercourse, reported means of birth control used among college students or their partner to prevent pregnancy:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Birth control pills (monthly or extended cycle)	62.5	60.2	60.6
Birth control shots	2.3	1.8	1.9
Birth control implants	2.0	0.9	1.2
Birth control patch	1.9	1.4	1.6
Vaginal ring	3.2	3.3	3.3
Intrauterine device	8.8	11.4	10.8
Male condom	67.7	57.3	60.2
Female condom	0.9	0.4	0.5
Diaphragm or cervical cap	0.6	0.1	0.3
Contraceptive sponge	0.3	0.2	0.2
Spermicide (foam, jelly, cream)	3.8	1.8	2.3
Fertility awareness (calendar, mucous, basal body temperature)	6.3	8.8	8.2
Withdrawal	28.5	33.1	31.8
Sterilization (hysterectomy, tubes tied, vasectomy)	1.6	2.3	2.1
Other method	1.8	1.7	1.8
Male condom use plus another method	51.1	45.4	46.9
Any two or more methods (excluding male condoms)	30.8	33.0	32.3

■ 14.0 % of sexually active college students reported using (or reported their partner used) emergency contraception ("morning after pill") within the last 12 months.

(male: 11.7 %; female: 14.9 %).\*

■ 1.6 % of college students who had vaginal intercourse within the last 12 months reported experiencing an unintentional pregnancy or got someone pregnant within the last 12 months. (male: 1.4 %; female: 1.5 %).\*\*

\*\*Students responding "Have not had vaginal intercourse within the last 12 months" were excluded from the analysis.

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "Not sexually active" were excluded from the analysis.

#### G. Nutrition and Exercise

College students reported usually eating the following number of servings of fruits and vegetables per day:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 servings per day	6.6	4.1	5.0
1-2 per day	55.3	48.8	50.7
3-4 per day	30.7	36.7	34.8
5 or more per day	7.4	10.4	9.6

College students reported the following behaviors within the past 7 days:

#### Do moderate-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 30 minutes:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days	25.8	24.6	25.1
1-4 days	55.6	59.5	58.2
5-7 days	18.6	15.9	16.7

#### Do vigorous-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 20 minutes:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		41.5	47.3	45.7
1-2 days		33.9	31.3	32.0
3-7 days		24.6	21.4	22.2

Physical Activity and Public Health: Updated Recommendations for Adults. From the American College of Sports Medicine and the American Heart Association (2007): Moderate-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 30 minutes on 5 or more days per week, or vigorous-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 20 minutes on 3 or more days per week.

Students meeting the Recommendations for moderate-intensity exercise, vigorous-intensity exercise, or a combination of the two (2 moderate-intensity exercise periods = 1 vigorous-intensity exercise period).

Percent	(%)	Male	Female	Total
Guidelines met		43.3	39.2	40.3

Estimated average Body Mass Index (BMI): This figure incorporates reported height, and weight to form a general indicator of physical health. Categories defined by The World Health Organization (WHO) 2000, reprinted 2004. Obesity: Preventing and Managing the Global Epidemic. WHO Tech Report Series: 894.

BMI	ercent (%)	Male	Female	Total
<18.5 Underweight		5.7	7.9	7.3
18.5-24.9 Healthy Weight		55.7	61.8	59.9
25-29.9 Overweight		28.0	18.6	21.4
30-34.9 Class I Obesity		7.2	7.1	7.2
35-39.9 Class II Obesity		2.2	2.7	2.6
≥40 Class III Obesity		1.1	1.8	1.7

Mean	24.52	23.92	24.14
Median	23.73	22.60	23.01
Std Dev	5.55	5.53	5.85

#### H. Mental Health

Students reported experiencing the following within the last 12 months:

#### Felt things were hopeless

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	30.2	19.5	22.5
No, not last 12 months	18.4	17.8	17.9
Yes, last 2 weeks	20.2	25.9	24.5
Yes, last 30 days	9.6	12.6	11.7
Yes, in last 12 months	21.6	24.2	23.4
Any time within			
the last 12 months	51.3	62.7	59.6

#### Felt exhausted (not from physical activity)

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	12.7	4.8	7.2
No, not last 12 months	6.9	3.7	4.6
Yes, last 2 weeks	44.2	59.7	55.3
Yes, last 30 days	16.1	15.8	15.8
Yes, in last 12 months	20.0	16.0	17.1
Any time within			
the last 12 months	80.4	91.6	88.2

#### Felt overwhelmed by all you had to do

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	12.2	3.8	6.3
No, not last 12 months	7.3	2.9	4.2
Yes, last 2 weeks	40.7	58.6	53.4
Yes, last 30 days	16.6	17.3	17.0
Yes, in last 12 months	23.3	17.5	19.1
Any time within			
the last 12 months	80.5	93.3	89.5

#### Felt very lonely

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	22.1	13.1	15.7
No, not last 12 months	18.8	17.4	17.7
Yes, last 2 weeks	24.9	31.6	29.9
Yes, last 30 days	11.7	14.8	13.9
Yes, in last 12 months	22.5	23.1	22.8
Any time within			
the last 12 months	59.1	69.5	66.6

#### Felt very sad

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	19.0	9.3	12.2
No, not last 12 months	18.4	12.5	14.2
Yes, last 2 weeks	24.8	36.5	33.3
Yes, last 30 days	12.7	16.8	15.6
Yes, in last 12 months	25.1	24.8	24.8
Any time within			
the last 12 months	62.6	78.2	73.7

Felt overwhelming anxiety

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	32.7	18.8	22.7
No, not last 12 months	15.9	11.6	12.8
Yes, last 2 weeks	19.5	31.8	28.5
Yes, last 30 days	10.8	15.0	13.8
Yes, in last 12 months	21.1	22.8	22.2
Any time within			
the last 12 months	51.4	69.6	64.5

Seriously considered suicide

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	74.2	70.2	70.8
No, not last 12 months	14.3	16.9	16.3
Yes, last 2 weeks	2.8	2.9	3.0
Yes, last 30 days	1.6	2.1	2.1
Yes, in last 12 months	7.1	8.0	7.9
Any time within			
the last 12 months	11.5	12.9	13.0

## Intentionally cut, burned, bruised, or otherwise injured yourself

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	84.1	73.6	76.2
No, not last 12 months	10.4	16.9	15.2
Yes, last 2 weeks	1.6	2.4	2.3
Yes, last 30 days	1.1	1.5	1.5
Yes, in last 12 months	2.8	5.6	4.9
Any time within			
the last 12 months	5.5	9.5	8.7

## Felt so depressed that it was difficult to function

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	41.1	32.7	34.8
No, not last 12 months	21.0	20.9	20.8
Yes, last 2 weeks	14.0	17.9	17.1
Yes, last 30 days	7.0	9.4	8.8
Yes, in last 12 months	16.9	19.2	18.5
Any time within			
the last 12 months	37.9	46.4	44.4

Felt overwhelming anger

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	35.4	28.4	30.3
No, not last 12 months	23.7	22.0	22.5
Yes, last 2 weeks	13.1	16.7	15.9
Yes, last 30 days	8.5	11.6	10.7
Yes, in last 12 months	19.4	21.3	20.7
Any time within			
the last 12 months	41.0	49.6	47.3

Attempted suicide

11ttempteu suiciuc				
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total	
No, never	91.2	88.4	88.8	
No, not last 12 months	7.0	9.6	9.1	
Yes, last 2 weeks	0.6	0.3	0.5	
Yes, last 30 days	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Yes, in last 12 months	0.9	1.5	1.4	
Any time within				
the last 12 months	1.8	2.0	2.1	

#### Within the last 12 months, diagnosed or treated by a professional for the following:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Anorexia	0.6	1.5	1.3
Anxiety	10.5	21.2	18.4
Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder	5.1	3.4	4.1
Bipolar Disorder	1.3	1.2	1.4
Bulimia	0.6	1.4	1.3
Depression	9.7	16.2	14.7
Insomnia	3.8	5.6	5.3
Other sleep disorder	3.0	3.4	3.4
Obsessive Compulsive Disorder	1.8	2.7	2.5
Panic attacks	4.1	11.1	9.3
Phobia	1.1	1.6	1.6
Schizophrenia	0.6	0.2	0.4
Substance abuse or addiction	1.7	1.0	1.3
Other addiction	1.2	0.3	0.7
Other mental health condition	3.0	4.0	4.0
Students reporting none of the above	81.1	71.3	73.7
Students reporting only one of the above	7.7	8.7	8.4
Students reporting both Depression and Anxiety	6.6	12.9	11.4
Students reporting any two or more of the above			
excluding the combination of Depression and Anxiety	5.5	9.1	8.4

#### Within the last 12 months, any of the following been traumatic or very difficult to handle:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Academics	48.3	62.0	58.1
Career-related issue	30.1	34.9	33.7
Death of family member or friend	12.6	18.2	16.6
Family problems	22.9	35.9	32.3
Intimate relationships	30.2	35.1	33.8
Other social relationships	23.5	32.1	29.8
Finances	34.0	42.8	40.4
Health problem of family member or partner	18.3	26.9	24.4
Personal appearance	22.6	37.7	33.4
Personal health issue	19.9	29.5	27.0
Sleep difficulties	32.3	38.8	37.1
Other	11.2	13.9	13.6
Students reporting none of the above	24.5	14.5	17.4
Students reporting only one of the above	13.6	10.1	11.1
Students reporting 2 of the above	13.2	11.6	12.0
Students reporting 3 or more of the above	48.7	63.8	59.6

#### Within the last 12 months, how would you rate the overall level of stress experienced:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No stress		3.2	0.8	1.6
Less than average stress		11.5	4.4	6.5
Average stress		35.3	30.0	31.4
More than average stress		39.3	49.3	46.2
Tremendous stress		10.7	15.5	14.4

#### I. Sleep

#### Past 7 days, getting enough sleep to feel rested in the morning:

Percent (	%) Male	Female	Total
0 days	11.0	13.7	13.1
1-2 days	27.9	32.1	30.9
3-5 days	47.2	43.9	44.7
6+ days	13.9	10.2	11.3

#### Past 7 days, how often felt tired, dragged out, or sleepy during the day:

Percent (%	6) Male	Female	Total
0 days	11.1	5.9	7.4
1-2 days	35.2	27.2	29.4
3-5 days	39.7	45.1	43.5
6+ days	14.0	21.8	19.7

#### Past 7 days, how much of a problem with sleepiness during daytime activities:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No problem	12.2	7.1	8.6
A little problem	46.6	42.8	43.7
More than a little problem	24.2	26.8	26.1
A big problem	12.3	16.1	15.1
A very big problem	4.7	7.2	6.6

### **Demographics and Student Characteristics**

■ Age:		■ Students describe themselve	
18 - 20 years:	40.3 %	Aboriginal:	4.4 %
21 - 24 years:	37.4 %	Arab:	2.0 %
25 - 29 years:	12.5 %	Black:	3.8 %
30+ years:	9.8 %	Chinese:	9.0 %
_		Filipino:	2.6 %
Gender*		Japanese:	0.6 %
Female:	67.9 %	Korean:	1.2 %
Male:	29.2 %	Latin American:	2.4 %
Non-binary	2.9 %	South Asian:	7.9 %
		Southeast Asian:	2.0 %
Student status:		West Asian:	1.3 %
1st year undergraduate:	23.0 %	White:	65.4 %
2nd year undergraduate:	20.4 %	Multiracial:	3.6 %
3rd year undergraduate:	18.6 %	Other:	2.9 %
4th year undergraduate:	14.6 %		
5th year or more undergraduate:	6.6 %	■ International Student:	
Graduate or professional:	13.9 %	International:	9.4 %
Not seeking a degree:	1.0 %		
Other:	1.8 %	■Students describe themselve	es as:
		Asexual:	6.9 %
Full-time student:	93.3 %	Bisexual:	5.9 %
Part-time student:	5.6 %	Gay:	1.5 %
Other student:	1.1 %	Lesbian:	1.0 %
		Pansexual:	1.5 %
Relationship status:		Queer:	0.7 %
Not in a relationship:	48.7 %	Questioning:	1.7 %
In a relationship but not living together:	33.9 %	Same Gender Loving	0.1 %
In a relationship and living together:	17.5 %	Straight/Heterosexual	79.6 %
		Another identity:	1.1 %
Marital status:		•	
Single:	83.0 %	Housing:	
Married/Partnered:	12.7 %	Campus residence hall:	11.4 %
Separated/Divorced/Other:	4.3 %	Fraternity or sorority house:	0.2 %
•		Other university housing:	2.5 %
Physical activity:		Parent/guardian home:	32.6 %
<30 minutes:	31.1 %	Other off-campus housing:	44.3 %
30-60 minutes:	23.3 %	Other:	9.0 %
61-90 minutes:	17.5 %		
91-150 minutes:	12.5 %	■ Participated in organized c	ollege athletics
>150 minutes:	15.7 %	Varsity:	3.8 %
		Club sports:	9.3 %
		Intramurals:	15.9 %
			rial fratarni
		■ Member of a social fraterni	ty of sorotite.

<sup>\*</sup> See note on page 2 regarding gender categories

#### **Demographics of Participating Institutions**

Forty one Canadian postsecondary institutions self-selected to participate in the Spring 2016 ACHA National College Health Assessment and 43,780 surveys were completed by students on these campuses. For the purpose of forming the Reference Group, only Canadian institutions that surveyed all students or used a random sampling technique are included in the analysis. *All schools collected data via the ACHA-NCHA web survey. The mean response was 19% and the median was 19%.* 

Demographic characteristics of the 41 campuses follow:

Demographical Characteristics of the 41 Postsecondary Institutions Included in the Spring 2016 CANADIAN ACHA-NCHA II Reference Group.		
Campus Characteristic	n	
Type of Institution		
Public	41	
Private	0	
2-year	4	
4-year or above	27	
Other	10	
Location of Campus		
Canada	41	
Campus Size		
< 2,500 students	3	
2,500 – 4,999 students	3	
5,000 – 9,999 students	9	
10,000 – 19,999 students	8	
20,000 students or more	18	
Campus Setting		
Very large city (population over 500,000)	18	
Large city (population 250,000-499,999)	5	
Small city (population 50,000-249,999)	17	
Small town (population 2,500-9,999)	1	
Carnegie Classification		
Miscellaneous/Not Classified	41	
ACHA Membership Status		
Institutional Member	24	
Nonmember	17	
Religious Affiliation		
No	41	
Yes	0	